

Professional Diploma in Procurement and Supply

Demonstrate professionalism



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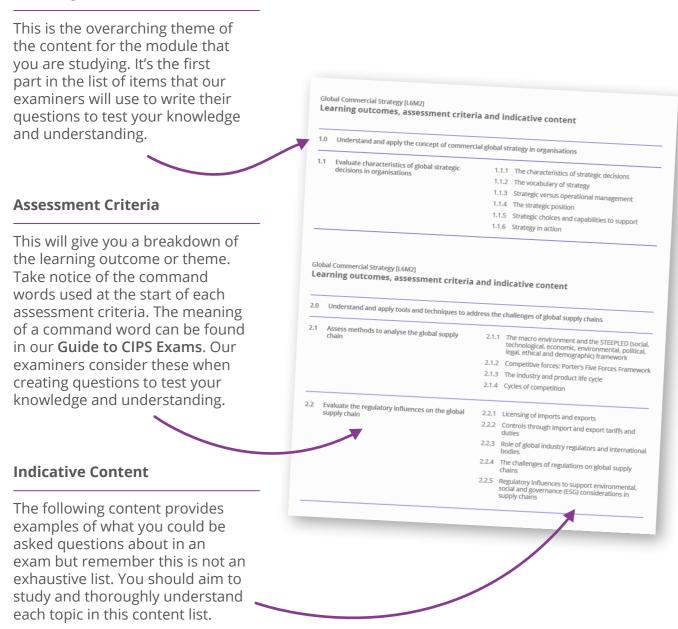


How to read a CIPS syllabus

Before getting started on any of our qualifications we encourage you to read the syllabus. Our examiners will use the syllabus to set the exam questions to test your knowledge and understanding of the content.

Each syllabus is split into topic modules. Each module is further broken down into learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content.

Learning Outcomes

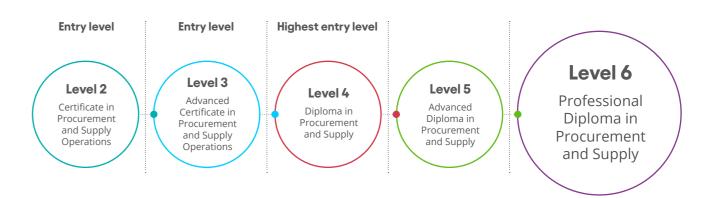


Your qualification

CIPS qualifications are regulated internationally to ensure we offer a recognised, professional standard in procurement and supply. CIPS Level 6* Professional Diploma in Procurement and Supply is a vocationally related professional qualification. Formal recognition is included within the regulatory frameworks of an increasing number of countries, such as the UK (England, Wales and Northern Ireland), Dubai, Trinidad & Tobago, Botswana and Ghana. Further information on this recognition and the details of corresponding qualification levels for other international qualifications frameworks are detailed on our website. CIPS members can have confidence in our regulated qualifications, which reliably indicate the standard of knowledge, skills and understanding that you, as a learner, are required to demonstrate.

The CIPS Level 6 Professional Diploma is the final qualification for those working towards MCIPS Chartered status, the globally recognised standard for procurement and supply chain professionals.

Building on the knowledge and skills learned at the CIPS Level 5 Advanced Diploma in Procurement and Supply. It is designed for experienced members of the profession who are expected to lead procurement teams within an organisation and influence the board to adopt leading-edge procurement strategies, thereby establishing best practices. Learners will also understand the importance of ESG considerations on procurement and supply activities.





NEXT STEPS

On successful completion you will need to formally apply to be upgraded to MCIPS, or with an up to date CIPS Ethical Procurement and Supply certificate you will be eligible to upgrade to MCIPS Chartered Procurement and Supply Professional.

To apply your CIPS membership must be current.

^{*}Refers to levels within the UK RQF. Other regulatory bodies may have different corresponding levels.



What will I study?



42 credits must be made up of these **CORE** modules

CORE Level 6

Strategic Ethical Leadership (L6M1)



CORE Level 6

Global Strategic Supply Chain Management (L6M3)



CORE Level 6

Global Commercial Strategy (L6M2)



CORE Level 6

Future Strategic Challenges for the Profession (L6M4)



Choose three **ELECTIVE** modules to make up the final **18 remaining credits**

ELECTIVE Level 6

Strategic Programme Leadership (L6M5)



ELECTIVE Level 6

Commercial Data Management (L6M7)



ELECTIVE Level 6

Innovation in Procurement and Supply (L6M8)



ELECTIVE Level 6

Supply Network Design (L6M9)



ELECTIVE Level 6

Global Logistics Strategy (L6M10)



ELECTIVE Level 6

Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Principles (L6M11)



Who is it for?

For those who successfully completed the CIPS Level 5 Advanced Diploma in Procurement and Supply, this represents the final level of CIPS qualifications for those working towards MCIPS Chartered Procurement and Supply Professional.

What will I learn?

Building on the knowledge and skills learned through the CIPS Level 5 Advanced Diploma in Procurement and Supply, this qualification equips you with the strategic skills necessary to inspire and motivate others towards organisational success. It is designed to cultivate transferable workplace competencies, including exceptional communication skills and the ability to collaborate effectively and lead diverse teams. Employers increasingly recognise the strategic thinking, leadership, and policy influence essential for progression. This qualification will give you a comprehensive understanding of diverse perspectives and theories, enabling you to critically analyse, interpret, and evaluate complex information, concepts, and ideas.

Entry requirements

You must have achieved the CIPS Level 5 Advanced Diploma in Procurement and Supply.

Credit values

To gain a qualification, you are required to complete a total of a number of credits. This is a way of quantifying the required number of study hours. One credit is equivalent to 10 hours of study. Each module is given a credit value of 6 or 12 credits.



About our exams and your study commitments

Objective Response exam format (OR)

These questions allow you to select a response from a list of possible answers. These types of exams are offered across all our qualification levels. They are marked by computers and then moderated by CIPS examiners.



Guided learning hours (GLH)

It is expected that you will undertake 250 GLH. The definition of guided learning hours is: 'A measure of the amount of input time required to achieve the qualification'. This includes lectures, tutorials, practicals, and supervised study in learning centres and workshops.

250 GLH HOURS

Constructed Response exam format (CR)

These questions require you to create or 'construct' a response to the question, such as an essay or case study. You will find this type of exam in our diplomalevel qualifications, and they will be marked by subject expert examiners.



Self-study requirement (SSR)

Additionally, we recommend that you also commit to at least 335 SSR hours. This includes a wider reading of the subject areas and revision to give yourself the best preparation for successfully achieving the qualification.

335 SSR HOURS

Your total qualification time (TQT)

The TQT indicates the overall number of guided learning hours, additional self-study, and assessment time required.



Total exam time

The total exam time for this qualification is 15 hours. All the modules in CIPS qualifications are assessed by examination.



Strategic Ethical Leadership (L6M1)



Module purpose

On completion of this module, learners will be able to evaluate leadership skills and behaviours required to achieve organisational and stakeholder commitment to strategic improvements and change and appreciate ethical practices, standards and regulations that impact the procurement and supply function.

Module aim/s

Globalisation and the ever-changing markets in which organisations operate require influential leaders who can think and act strategically. This is particularly true for those who lead the procurement and supply function, ensuring that it positively contributes to overall organisational success. Strategic Leadership is the ability to make and communicate decisions that enhance the prospects for the organisation's long-term success while maintaining long-term financial stability. This module is designed for professionals expected to deliver effective and efficient procurement and supply. It emphasises the leadership skills and behaviours required to achieve the objectives and improvements sought by organisations.



Core module



Hours exam duration



Constructed response exam



Hours module learning time



Strategic Ethical Leadership (L6M1) Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

1.0	Understand and apply leadership skills and behaviours that are appropriate for strategically improving the procurement and supply chain function		
1.1	Evaluate the differences between leadership and management	1.1.1	The differences between leadership and management
		1.1.2	The role of a leader and the activity of leadership
		1.1.3	The importance of leadership
1.2	Analyse approaches to leadership for improving procurement and supply chain management	1.2.1	The qualities or traits approach to leadership
		1.2.2	The functional or group approach, including action-centred leadership
		1.2.3	Styles of leadership: authoritarian, autocratic, distributed, democratic and laissez-faire
		1.2.4	Contingency theories for leadership, such as pathgoal theory
		1.2.5	Situational leadership
		1.2.6	Transformational and inspirational leadership
		1.2.7	The forces in deciding the type of leadership
		1.2.8	The continuum of leadership behaviour



Strategic Ethical Leadership (L6M1) Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

2.0	Understand and apply communication planning techniques and analyse their influence on individuals involved in the supply chain		
2.1	Evaluate influencing styles that can be used in the effective leadership of a supply chain	2.1.1	Communicating and implementing a vision of improved procurement and supply chain management
		2.1.2	Influencing and leading supply chain stakeholders: senior management, subordinates, other functions, and external stakeholders
		2.1.3	A range of influencing styles for cross-functional leadership, both within and outside the bounds of formal teams
2.2	Compare leadership techniques that can be used	2.2.1	Assessing the readiness of followers or groups
	to influence stakeholders in a supply chain	2.2.2	Leadership techniques that recognise the value of individuals and their contribution to the procurement and supply chain function
		2.2.3	Management by objectives and establishing key performance indicators (KPIs)
		2.2.4	Measuring the effectiveness of leadership techniques
		2.2.5	The role of the leader in coaching and mentoring
		2.2.6	The role of emotional intelligence in leadership
2.3	Evaluate how to create a communication plan to influence stakeholders in the supply chain	2.3.1	Stakeholder analysis, including primary, secondary and key stakeholders
		2.3.2	Communication methods and creating a communication plan
		2.3.3	How to gain support for supply chain strategies from stakeholders
		2.3.4	Perspectives on stakeholder mapping

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Strategic Ethical Leadership (L6M1)

Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

3.0	Understand and apply methods to overcome leade chain professionals	rship cha	allenges faced by procurement and supply
3.1	Contrast the sources of power and how they can be used to overcome common challenges faced by procurement and supply chain leaders	3.1.1	Perspectives on individual power
		3.1.2	Perspectives on power: institutional, processual and organisational
		3.1.3	The balance between order and flexibility
3.2	Analyse how equality, diversity and inclusion	3.2.1	Defining equality, diversity and inclusion (ED&I)
	(ED&I) issues relating to the supply chain can be used to improve strategic effectiveness	3.2.2	The benefits of equality, diversity and inclusion (ED&I) in organisations and their supply chains
		3.2.3	The impact of discrimination, harassment and victimisation
		3.2.4	Developing and implementing policies and initiatives to enhance equality, diversity and inclusion (ED&I) across the supply chain
3.3	Evaluate methods of change management that can be used to develop the supply chain	3.3.1	The nature and drivers of organisational change
		3.3.2	The role of leaders in managing effective change
		3.3.3	Planning and implementing organisational change
		3.3.4	Understanding and managing resistance to chang
3.4	Assess methods for resolving conflict with	3.4.1	Contingency models of organisations
	internal and external stakeholders to support change in the supply chain	3.4.2	The functions of the informal organisation
		3.4.3	Conflict management: sources of conflict, resolution strategies, and outcomes
		3.4.4	Incremental and transformational change

Strategic Ethical Leadership (L6M1)

Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

4.0	Understand and apply ethical practices, standards and regulations that impact environmental, socia	al
	and governance (ESG) considerations for procurement and supply functions	

4.1	Examine ethical practices and standards that	4.1.
	support environmental, social and governance (ESG) considerations in global supply chains	4.1.

- 4.1.1 Promoting ethical practices, codes of conduct and published standards
- 4.1.2 Effective supplier due diligence to support environmental, social and governance (ESG) compliance
- 4.1.3 Contractual clauses to support environmental, social and governance (ESG) improvements and compliance with relevant ethical practices, standards and regulations
- 4.1.4 Developing a culture of commitment to achieve ethical codes and practices
- 4.2 Assess regulations that impact the ethical employment of people
- 4.2.1 The impact of regulations relating to:
 - Equality, diversity and inclusion (ED&I)
 - Employee redundancy and dismissal
 - Working time and staff payment
 - International labour codes
 - Health and safety at work
 - Minimum/fair wages



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Global Commercial Strategy [L6M2]



Module purpose

On completion of this module, learners will be able to evaluate the concept of commercial global strategy, assess the challenges and main elements associated with formulating and implementing a commercial strategy, and understand the impact of finance on strategic decision-making.

Module aim/s

The global agenda is becoming increasingly prevalent in organisational success. Business leaders need to formulate and implement global commercial strategies as organisations increase overseas development, investment, and sourcing. This module is designed for professional procurement and supply chain leaders. It focuses on developing, configuring, and implementing a global commercial strategy to enable such leaders to help organisations achieve competitive advantage.



Core module



Hours exam duration



Constructed response exam



Hours module learning time

Global Commercial Strategy [L6M2]

Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

1.0	Understand and apply the concept of commercial global strategy in organisations	
1.1	Evaluate characteristics of global strategic	1.1.1 The characteristics of strategic decisions
	decisions in organisations	1.1.2 The vocabulary of strategy
		1.1.3 Strategic versus operational management
		1.1.4 The strategic position
		1.1.5 Strategic choices and capabilities to support
		1.1.6 Strategy in action

Global Commercial Strategy [L6M2]

2.0	Understand and apply tools and techniques to add	ress the	challenges of global supply chains
2.1	chain	2.1.1	The macro environment and the STEEPLED (social, technological, economic, environmental, political, legal, ethical and demographic) framework
		2.1.2	Competitive forces: Porter's Five Forces Framework
		2.1.3	The industry and product life cycle
		2.1.4	Cycles of competition
2.2	Evaluate the regulatory influences on the global supply chain	2.2.1	Licensing of imports and exports
		2.2.2	Controls through import and export tariffs and duties
		2.2.3	Role of global industry regulators and international bodies
		2.2.4	The challenges of regulations on global supply chains
		2.2.5	Regulatory influences to support environmental, social and governance (ESG) considerations in supply chains



Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

3.0	Understand strategy formulation and implementation	on	
3.1	Evaluate how corporate and business strategic decisions impact supply chains	3.1.1	Strategic directions: market penetration, consolidation, product development and market development
		3.1.2	Diversification: related and unrelated
		3.1.3	Portfolio matrices: growth/share, directional polic and parenting matrix
		3.1.4	Drivers of global, regional and local dimensions t strategic choice
		3.1.5	The influence of environmental, social and governance (ESG) on strategic decisions
3.2	Evaluate how organisational strategy can be implemented in supply chains	3.2.1	Methods of pursuing strategies: organic, mergers and acquisitions, or strategic alliances
		3.2.2	Strategy evaluation: suitability, acceptability and feasibility
		3.2.3	Managing intended and realised strategy
		3.2.4	Strategy development in uncertain and complex conditions
		3.2.5	Determining measurable outcomes of success fo an effective strategy
		3.2.6	Devising metrics of performance for successful strategy implementation
3.3	Analyse the relationship between business strategy and organisational structure	3.3.1	Structural types: simple, functional, multi divisional, matrix and transnational
		3.3.2	Aligning organisational structure with business strategy
		3.3.3	Aligning the supply chain design to the organisational structure
3.4	Analyse the management of resources to support	3.4.1	People as a resource
	the development and implementation of strategy	3.4.2	Managing information
		3.4.3	The role of technology
		3.4.4	Managing finance: the financial aspects of value creation

Global Commercial Strategy [L6M2]

4.0	Understand different financial aspects that affect g	lobal pro	ocurement and supply chains
4.1	Assess the importance of costs and finance within global supply chains	4.1.1	The financial objectives of different organisations (e.g. value for money, maximising shareholder wealth)
		4.1.2	Funding of strategy development and implementation
		4.1.3	Different types of supply chain costs and cost drivers
		4.1.4	Cost management and reduction techniques
		4.1.5	Financial ratio analysis to assess viability within global supply chains
4.2	Analyse the financial related risks and why they might arise within global supply chains	4.2.1	Market risk
		4.2.2	Credit risk
		4.2.3	Liquidity risk
		4.2.4	Interest rate risk
		4.2.5	Foreign exchange risk
		4.2.6	Commodity risk
4.3	Evaluate different tools, techniques and financial products for managing financial risks within global supply chains	4.3.1	Monitoring and managing financial risks in global supply chains
		4.3.2	Using forward contracts, options, swaps and futures to hedge financial risks
		4.3.3	Reporting financial risks in global supply chains



Global Strategic Supply Chain Management [L6M3]



Module purpose

On completion of this module, learners will be able to evaluate the influence of strategic supply chain management and assess the methods available to measure, improve, and optimise supply chain performance.

Module aim/s

One of the significant impacts of globalisation has been a marked increase in the complexity of the supply chain and associated networks. These challenges require procurement and supply leaders to develop and lead modern-day supply chains and understand their vital role in the overall success of corporate and business strategy. This module is designed for such professionals as it focuses on the development, implementation, monitoring and optimisation of global supply chains and the strategic influence of such chains on achieving competitive advantage.



Core modul



Hours exam duration



Constructed response exam



Hours module learning time

Global Strategic Supply Chain Management [L6M3]

1.0	Understand how strategic supply chain management can support corporate business strategy		
1.1	Assess the relationship between functional, business and corporate levels of strategy	1.1.1	The relationship between the supply chain, business and corporate levels of strategy
		1.1.2	The impact of supply chain management on business and corporate performance
		1.1.3	The impact on the profitability of the supply chain
		1.1.4	Supply chain risks and their impact on business and corporate performance
1.2	Evaluate the contribution of strategic supply chain management	1.2.1	Creating sources of competitive advantage: cost, improved quality, time to market, product and service differentiation
		1.2.2	Enterprise profit optimisation
		1.2.3	The use of outsourcing to create value and achieve competitive advantage
		1.2.4	Strategies to support supply chain management: offshoring, outsourcing, inshoring, insourcing
1.3	Evaluate the impact of market change on strategic supply chain management	1.3.1	STEEPLED (social, technological, economic, environmental, political, legal, ethical and demographic) factors and their impact and risks on supply chains
		1.3.2	Distinguishing between disruptive and incremental change
		1.3.3	Changing markets and market volatility
		1.3.4	The impact of globalisation on supply chains
		1.3.5	The impact of environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors on strategic supply chain management
1.4	Evaluate approaches to developing and	1.4.1	The purpose of strategic alignment
	implementing strategic relationship management	1.4.2	Customer, supplier, and stakeholder relationship management
		1.4.3	Methodologies for the implementation of strategic relationship management



Global Strategic Supply Chain Management [L6M3] Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

2.0	Understand and apply supply chain design tools ar	nd techni	ques
2.1	Evaluate approaches to segmentation	2.1.1	Approaches to segmenting customers, suppliers and stakeholders
		2.1.2	Managing the product and service mix
		2.1.3	Creating strategies for the different tiers of a supply chain
2.2	Assess approaches to developing networked supply chains	2.2.1	Supply chain flows and the use of supply chain and the value stream
		2.2.2	Tiering in supply chains and the use of network sourcing
		2.2.3	Identifying value-added activities and the value chain in supply chain networks
		2.2.4	Network optimisation modelling
		2.2.5	The circular economy and the use of reverse logistics in supply chain networks
2.3	Assess the role of distribution systems	2.3.1	Channel design
		2.3.2	The impact of e-commerce on distribution networks
		2.3.3	Logistics flow path design
		2.3.4	Physical network configuration
		2.3.5	Challenges in transportation management
		2.3.6	Locations of distribution centres
		2.3.7	Positioning in local, regional and global chains
		2.3.8	The impact of environmental, social and governance (ESG) considerations on distribution systems
2.4	Evaluate Lean and agile supply chains	2.4.1	The benefits and challenges of lean and agile supply chains: security, sustainability, and economies of scale (EOS)
		2.4.2	Implementing Lean supply and Lean thinking
		2.4.3	The impact of promotions and causal events on demand
		2.4.4	Improving demand planning accuracy and the use of statistical forecasting
		2.4.5	Supply chain visibility (SCV)

Global Strategic Supply Chain Management [L6M3] Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

3.0	Understand and apply techniques to achieve effect	ive strate	egic supply chain management
3.1	Evaluate approaches to developing and implementing supply chain collaboration	3.1.1	Supply chain evolution from transactional information sharing to collaborative approaches in supply chain management
		3.1.2	Creating collaborative relationships with customers, suppliers and other stakeholders
		3.1.3	The use of shared services in supply chains
		3.1.4	Data integration in supply chains
3.2	Evaluate approaches to managing change within supply chains when working with stakeholders	3.2.1	Communicating plans with customers, suppliers, senior management and other organisational functions
		3.2.2	Evaluating and implementing resources for strategic supply chain management
		3.2.3	The role of the change agent
		3.2.4	Evaluating the acceptance of strategic change
3.3	Analyse approaches to measuring supply chain performance	3.3.1	Measures of supply chain performance: price, safety, quality, costs, and environmental, social and governance (ESG)
		3.3.2	Measuring processes and the use of key performance indicators (KPIs) in supply chain management
		3.3.3	Measuring supply chain, organisational, functional team and individual performance
		3.3.4	Analyse mechanisms for gathering feedback on supply chain performance
3.4	Analyse how the development of knowledge, skills and behaviours can help achieve effective	3.4.1	The concept of knowledge management within the organisation and with suppliers
	strategic supply chain management	3.4.2	The importance of developing procurement and supply chain competencies
		3.4.3	Training and development to improve knowledge, skills and behaviours within the organisation and stakeholders across the supply chain
		3.4.4	Approaches to measurement, analysis, improvement and control to develop knowledge, skills and behaviours



Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

4.0	Understand and apply methods to measure, improv	e and o	ptimise supply chain performance
4.1	Assess methods to improve and optimise supply chain performance	4.1.1	The number of operating facilities and their locations
		4.1.2	The number of suppliers
		4.1.3	Assess the flow of items through the supply chain network
		4.1.4	Network Optimisation Models (NOM)
		4.1.5	Risk identification and management
		4.1.6	Collaborative planning, forecasting and replenishment (CPFR)
		4.1.7	Business process re-engineering (BPR)
4.2	Assess tools and techniques to help the organisation achieve strategic fit within the supply chain	4.2.1	Analysing and managing supply chain uncertainties: demand, supply, disruption and delay
		4.2.2	Define desired cost and service requirements
		4.2.3	Assess the supply chain capabilities, strengths and weaknesses
		4.2.4	Achieving strategic fit through supply chain design and competitive strategy
		4.2.5	Trade-offs between efficiency and responsiveness, zone of strategic fit and cost responsiveness frontier
4.3	Assess the challenges to achieving	4.3.1	Increasing product variety and shrinking life cycles
	and maintaining strategic fit	4.3.2	Globalisation and increasing uncertainty
		4.3.3	Fragmentation and increased complexity of the supply chain
		4.3.4	Changing technology and the business environment
		4.3.5	The effect of environmental, social and governance (ESG) considerations on strategic fit

Future Strategic Challenges for the Profession [L6M4]



Module purpose

On completion of this module, learners will be able to evaluate the changing needs and requirements for the procurement and supply function and assess the future challenges for the profession.

Module aim/s

The volatile global environment threatens traditional concepts of international trade and presents strategic challenges to the procurement and supply function and profession. Strategic procurement and supply leaders require knowledge of the present challenges for their function and profession and must prepare themselves for the future strategic challenges they will undoubtedly face. This module is designed to challenge procurement and supply leaders to look ahead and consider future strategic challenges for themselves and the profession.



Core module



Hours exam duration



Constructed response exam



Hours module learning time

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Future Strategic Challenges for the Profession [L6M4] **Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content**

1.0	Understand the changing needs and requirements of	of the strat	egic procurement and supply function of the future
1.1	Assess the drivers that are shaping the future requirements of the strategic procurement	1.1.1	Alignment with the organisation: internally, vertically and horizontally
	and supply function	1.1.2	Recognise and develop supply chain opportunities
		1.1.3	New approaches and requirements
		1.1.4	Dealing with complexity - Supply Network Strategies:
			 Interpreting the current approach to procurement
			- Formulating objectives
			- Determine the network strategy.
			- Restructuring the supply chain network
			- Planning and design of supply chain networks
			- Resilient supply chains and networks
1.2	Evaluate the skills and knowledge of future leaders of the strategic procurement and	1.2.1	 Planning and design of supply chain networks Resilient supply chains and networks Changing the focus from internal operations to external outcomes
	supply function	1.2.2	Functional knowledge, skills and behaviours
		1.2.3	Interpersonal skills
		1.2.4	General management and strategic skills
		1.2.5	Internal and external relationship management
		1.2.6	ESG (environmental, social and governance) management and leadership challenges
1.3	Analyse the likely influence of the external environment on the strategic procurement	1.3.1	Volatile global environment changing concepts of international trade
	and supply function of the future	1.3.2	Wider influence on market identification, development and creation
		1.3.3	Future risks and challenges

Future Strategic Challenges for the Profession [L6M4] **Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content**

2.0	Understand the future challenges for the procuremen	nt and su	pply profession
2.1	Evaluate the emerging impact of innovation and	2.1.1	Disruptive influence on operations
	technology on the profession	2.1.2	Organisational uptake of technology and leveraging opportunities
		2.1.3	Automation and changing roles for the profession
2.2	Assess the importance of collaboration for the future of the procurement and supply chain	2.2.1	The changing boundaries between organisational disciplines
	profession to leverage value	2.2.2	disciplines 2.2 Interdisciplinary working and knowledge 2.3 Growing influence of the profession
		2.2.3	Growing influence of the profession
		2.2.4	
		2.2.5	Embed good practice through collaboration
		2.2.6	Cross-skilling those from other disciplines
2.3	Analyse the future challenges for the procurement and supply profession in	2.3.1	Strategic analysis to identify potential sources of competitive advantage
	creating competitive advantage	2.3.2	The role of the profession in achieving added-value benefits and a competitive edge
		2.3.3	New ways to achieve competitive advantage through the supply chain



Strategic Programme Leadership (L6M5)



Module purpose

On completion of this module, learners will be able to assess contracting requirements and approaches to the leadership of major strategic programmes and evaluate the role that organisational culture has to play on achieving overall success.

Module aim/s

Major programmes are a key element in any organisational strategy; hence, successful leadership of them is a significant contributor to overall success. This module is designed for those procurement and supply professionals who will develop and lead the implementation and monitoring of contracts from the strategic standpoint, requiring a practical knowledge of the associated issues and approaches to programme control.



Elective module



Hours exam duration



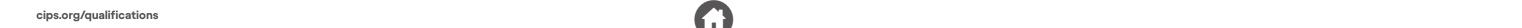
Objective response exam



Hours module learning time

Strategic Programme Leadership (L6M5)

1.0	Understand contracting for programmes		
1.1	Evaluate contract forms for programmes	1.1.1	The role of institutes and professional bodies in developing contract forms:
			 The New Engineering Contract (NEC) core and optional clauses
			- International Federation of Consulting Engineers (FIDIC) contract forms
			- Institution of Mechanical Engineers (IMechE) contract forms
			- Joint Contracts Tribunal (JCT) contract forms
			- CIPS model forms of contract
		1.1.2	Comparisons of main contractual terms and schedules
1.2	Assess the use of pricing mechanisms	1.2.1	Fixed lump sum pricing
	forprogrammes	1.2.2	Activity schedule pricing
		1.2.3	Bills of quantity
		1.2.4	Target costing methods and risk and reward pricing mechanisms
		1.3.5	Cost reimbursable contracts
1.3	Contrast methods of investment appraisal for	1.3.1	Purpose of investment appraisal
	programmes	1.3.2	Payback analysis
		1.3.3	Average rate of return
		1.3.4	Discounted cash flow
		1.3.5	The choice of discount factor
		1.3.6	Calculating net present values
		1.3.7	Calculating the internal rates of return
		1.3.8	The strengths and weaknesses of different methods of investment appraisal



Strategic Programme Leadership (L6M5) **Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content**

2.0	Understand programme leadership approaches		
2.1	Assess approaches to strategic cost management	2.1.1	Fixed and variable pricing methods
	for programmes	2.1.2	Budgetary control and variance analysis
		2.1.3	Value engineering
		2.1.4	Consortium-based procurement
		2.1.5	The use of open book costing and cost transparency
2.2	Analyse the use of financial and management	2.2.1	Estimating budgets for projects
	information on the performance of programmes	2.2.2	Measurement, monitoring control and improvement
		2.2.3	Project tracking and control mechanisms
		2.2.4	Controlling variations, claims/compensation events
		2.2.5	Implementing remedial actions
2.3	Analyse the impact of programme	2.3.1	Consequential losses resulting from default
	performance on the supply chain	2.3.2	Assessment of damages
		2.3.3	Contractual warranties and conditions
		2.3.4	Specific performance
		2.3.5	Termination clauses
2.4	Assess the implications of programme	2.4.1	Obtaining client acceptance
	closure on the supply chain	2.4.2	Installing deliverables
		2.4.3	Conducting project audits
		2.4.4	Knowledge management
		2.4.5	Communicating the review, evaluation and learning
			learring

Strategic Programme Leadership (L6M5) Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

2 4	Cuitically accept the concept of automication of	244	The manning of eventional culture
3.1	Critically assess the concept of organisational culture		The meaning of organisational culture
			The ingredients of culture
		3.1.3	Identifying culture:
			- Levels of culture
			- Cultural web
		3.1.4	The four types of culture:
			- Power culture
			- Task culture
			- Role culture
			- Person culture
3.2	Analyse the influence of national culture on	3.2.1	Cultural similarities and differences
	programme success	3.2.2	Language, religion, social, laws, politics, educat systems, values and attitudes
3.3	Analyse tools and techniques which support	3.3.1	Ignoring the culture
	cultural change	3.3.2	Managing around the culture
		3.3.3	Changing behaviours
		3.3.4	Education vs. persuasion
		3.3.5	Coercion to change attitudes
		3.3.6	Recruitment policy, selection, promotion and reward
		3.3.7	Redundancy policy and alter workforce composition



Commercial Data Management (L6M7)



Module purpose

On completion of this module, learners will be able to assess the concept of big data and evaluate the impact of data integrity and cyber security on the procurement and supply function.

Module aim/s

Until recently, big data was seen as a technical issue that had to be addressed; however, organisations now view it as a business opportunity that can significantly contribute to competitive advantage and are now exploiting big data in all its forms to discover facts they didn't know before. Given this propensity for data and the associated gathering and storage activity, supply chain cyber security is now a key requirement. This module is designed for procurement and supply leaders who require a clear knowledge of the concept of big data and the impact of data integrity and cyber security.



Elective module



Hours exam duration



Objective response exam



Hours module learning time

Commercial Data Management (L6M7)

Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

.0	Understand the concept of big data in the global su	pply cha	in
1.1	Evaluate the term big data and the historic rise of its importance to the procurement and supply	1.1.1	Transit from technical problem to business opportunity:
	function		- Increasing data volumes
			- Scalability crisis
			- Data storage capacity increases
			- CPU capacity, speed and intelligence
			- Falling cost of IT
		1.1.2	The 3Vs:
			- Volume
			- Velocity
			- Variety
1.2	diversity of data sources and types 1.	1.2.1	Require large volumes of highly detailed data
		1.2.2	Use of Business Intelligence (BI) and analytics
		1.2.3	Driving agility and innovation with big data
		1.2.4	Sources of data:
			- Sensors
			- Devices
			- Third parties
			- Web applications
			- Social media
		1.2.5	Types of data:
			- Real-time vs. delayed
			- Unstructured (text and human language) visemi-structured (XML, RSS feeds etc.)
			- Audio, video, other devices

- Multi vs. single-dimension

- Streaming data



Commercial Data Management (L6M7)

Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

2.0	Understand data integrity and its impact on procure	ement a	nd supply
2.1	Evaluate the requirement for integrity	2.1.1	Data integrity vs. data security
	and confidentiality of data	2.1.2	Legal aspects such as:
			- The UK Data Protection Act
			- General Data Protection Regulation 2016 (GDPR
			- EU Data Protection Directive
			- Responsible data handling
			- Non-disclosure agreements (NDA)
			- Intellectual property rights (IPR)
		2.1.3	Information assurance and risk management for individuals and organisations
		2.1.4	Physical integrity vs. logical integrity
2.2	Assess the implications of data disruption on the	2.2.1	Data-enabled business models
	organisation	2.2.2	Data resilience strategies
		2.2.3	Disruption tolerance networks
		2.2.4	System redundancy
2.3	Evaluate international laws and standards which	2.3.1	International laws such as:
	govern data integrity and security		- UK Data Protection Act
			- Data Privacy Day (Council of Europe)
		2.3.2	International standards such as:
			- ISO/PAS 28000:2007 (Supply Chain Standards)
			- ISO/IEC 27001:2013 and ISO/IEC 27002:2013 (Manage and protect information)
			- The Trusted Computing Group
			- The Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard

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Commercial Data Management (L6M7)

Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

3.1.2	Data security vs. data integrity Supply Chain Cyber Security (SCCS) Drivers for SCCS such as: - Cyber-terrorism - Malware - Data theft and the advanced persistent threat (APT) - Illegal access and changes to data - Vulnerabilities in software applications and networks discovered and exploited by malicious
	Drivers for SCCS such as: - Cyber-terrorism - Malware - Data theft and the advanced persistent threat (APT) - Illegal access and changes to data - Vulnerabilities in software applications and
3.1.3	 Cyber-terrorism Malware Data theft and the advanced persistent threat (APT) Illegal access and changes to data Vulnerabilities in software applications and
	 Malware Data theft and the advanced persistent threat (APT) Illegal access and changes to data Vulnerabilities in software applications and
	 Data theft and the advanced persistent threat (APT) Illegal access and changes to data Vulnerabilities in software applications and
	(APT)Illegal access and changes to dataVulnerabilities in software applications and
	- Vulnerabilities in software applications and
	hackers
	- Counterfeit computer hardware
3.1.4	Typical activities for minimising SCCS risks such a
	- Buying only from trusted vendors
	- Disconnecting critical machines from outside networks
	- Educating users on the threats and protective measures they can take
3.2.1	Create a completely secure system using a combination of software and hardware-based security
3.2.2	Software solutions:
	- Encrypt data to protect it from theft
	- Hackers could corrupt the data in order to makit unrecoverable, making the system unusable
3.2.3	Hardware solutions:
	 Can prevent read and write access to data and offer very strong protection against tampering and unauthorised access
	 Protects the operating system image and file system privileges from being tampered
3.2.4	Use strict and secure system administration policies:
	- Backups
	3.2.1 3.2.2 3.2.3

- Data erasure

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Innovation in Procurement and Supply [L6M8]



Module purpose

On completion of this module, learners will be able to evaluate techniques for supplier development and innovation in procurement and supply and appraise the environmental factors which should be considered when applying such methods.

Module aim/s

To support organisational success, procurement and supply has a significant role to play in influencing strategic suppliers to adopt innovative approaches and to continue to develop. Therefore, professional procurement and supply leaders are expected to identify areas that offer the opportunity to improve and innovate and to lead and implement the associated processes. This module is designed for procurement and supply leaders who require clear knowledge of the tools and techniques available to achieve improvement and innovation, as well as an appreciation of the environmental factors that affect such initiatives.



Elective modul



Hours exam duration



Objective response exam



Hours module learning time

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Innovation in Procurement and Supply [L6M8]

1.0	Understand techniques for supplier development		
1.1	Assess cross-functional working to achieve improvements in the supply chain	1.1.1	Cross-functional involvement in the development of specifications and requirements
		1.1.2	Simultaneous (concurrent) engineering
		1.1.3	Product and process design
1.2	Evaluate techniques to promote the development of innovation in procurement and supply	1.2.1	Collaboration with suppliers and customers to promote improvements in innovation
		1.2.2	Early supplier involvement
		1.2.3	The role of innovation councils
		1.2.4	Supplier forums and associations
		1.2.5	The use of technology transfer
		1.2.6	The use of data analytics to assist planning, forecasting, control and decision-making
		1.2.7	The use of integration tools in systems technology
1.3	Contrast the developments in technology that can be applied to promote improvements in	1.3.1	Forms of e-procurement
		1.3.2	E-catalogues
	supply chains	1.3.3	E-sourcing
		1.3.4	E-auctions
		1.3.5	P2P (purchase to pay) systems
		1.3.6	Data integrity and integration between organisations in a supply chain
		1.3.7	XML (extensible markup language) and the use of application programming interfaces (APIs) and other integration tools
		1.3.8	Developments in technology such as:
			- Cloud computing
			- Open-source software
			- Mobile telecommunications
			- Remote working
			- Convergence of technology platforms
1.4	Evaluate the use of relationship assessment for	1.4.1	The use of joint performance appraisal systems
	supplier development	1.4.2	The use of relationship assessment methodologies
		1.4.3	The use of balanced scorecards



Innovation in Procurement and Supply [L6M8] **Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content**

2.0	Understand methods to achieve procurement and s	upply in	nprovement and innovation
2.1	Evaluate where technology can be used to	2.1.1	Areas such as:
	improve procurement and supply		- Expenditure control
			- Data analytics and capture
			- Systems integration with suppliers and supply chains
			 Organisational systems integration to improve senior management and stakeholder knowledge and information flow
			- Artificial Intelligence (AI) and predictive analysis
2.2	Evaluate tools and techniques which are available	2.2.1	Tools such as:
	to improve procurement and supply		- Total quality approaches
			- Statistical analysis
			- Just-in-Time (JIT)
			- Lean thinking and lean supply
			- Business Process Re-engineering (BPR)
			- ERP
			- Databases
		2.2.2	The use of business continuity planning to mitigate supply chain interruption
2.3	Assess methods to incentivise improvement	2.3.1	Bidding
	and innovation	2.3.2	Selection
		2.3.3	Contract award
		2.3.4	Contract management
		2.3.5	Setting examples and maintaining standards

Innovation in Procurement and Supply [L6M8] **Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content**

3.1	Assess approaches to environmentally	3.1.1	Lifecycle analysis
	sensitive design	3.1.2	Design for disassembly
		3.1.3	Use environmentally friendly materials
		3.1.4	ISO 14001 – Environmental Standards
		3.1.5	ISO 20400 – Sustainable Procurement Standard
3.2	Assess the impact of green procurement	3.2.1	Impact on strategic policy and planning
	on improvement and innovation	3.2.2	Sustainable procurement:
			- Low carbon
			- Low waste
			- Water efficient
			- Respect biodiversity
			- International targets and agreements



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Supply Network Design [L6M9]



Module purpose

On completion of this module, learners will be able to evaluate the strategic nature, influence, and contribution of supply network design and operations to the overall business strategy and assess the strategic value of resource planning and control.

Module aim/s

Every organisation is part of a wider interconnected network of other businesses and organisations: this is termed the supply network. At a strategic level, the design and leadership of such networks are crucial to the effectiveness and efficiency of the associated supply chains. It is the operations processes which form a fundamental element of an organisation's strategic advantage. If materials and/or information are to flow smoothly through the supply network and add value as a result, effective resource planning and control are essential to organisational success. This module is designed for procurement and supply leaders who require knowledge and understanding of the concept of the strategic supply network, its configuration and influence and be able to assess the impact of operational strategy and resource planning and control.



Elective module



Hours exam duration



Objective response exam



Hours module learning time

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1.0	Understand the strategic nature and influence of su	pply ne	twork design
1.1	Assess the meaning of supply network design and	1.1.1	What is supply network design
	the influence that it has on the organisation	1.1.2	Supply network terminology and structures
		1.1.3	Supply network vs. supply chain
		1.1.4	Where are operations located in the supply network – logistical impact
		1.1.5	What influence does capacity and resources have on the supply network
		1.1.6	Value adding and competitive advantage
1.2	Evaluate how a strategic supply chain	1.2.1	.1 Influence of the Internet – 'disintermediation'
	network should be configured	1.2.2	The value net and four players - suppliers, customers, competitors and complementors
		1.2.3	Decisions such as:
			- Make or buy
			- Insource or outsource
			- Vertical integration
			- Outsourcing and offshoring
1.3	Assess the influence of capacity on strategic	1.3.1	Optimum capacity
	supply chain design	1.3.2	Large vs. small capacity – advantages and disadvantages
		1.3.3	The timing of capacity change
		1.3.4	Capacity increments:
			- Capacity leading and lagging strategies
			- Inventory 'smoothing'
		1.3.5	Break even analysis for capacity expansion



Supply Network Design [L6M9] **Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content**

2.0	Understand operations strategy and its contribution to overall business success		
2.1	Assess the meaning of operations strategy and	2.1.1	What is operations strategy
	the impact that it has on the organisation	2.1.2	How to identify if an organisation has an operations strategy
		2.1.3	Is the operations strategy relevant and aligned to the overall business strategy
		2.1.4	Does the operations strategy align with market requirements and available resources
		2.1.5	The contribution of operations strategy to competitive advantage and added value
2.2	Evaluate the key elements of an operations	2.2.1	Should include key elements such as:
	strategy		- A clear vision and objectives
			 The 4 stages model of operations – internal neutrality, external neutrality, internally
			 Performance objectives – quality, speed, dependability, flexibility and cost
			- Reconcile strategic decisions to objectives
			- Capacity and resources vs. timescales and outputs
2.3	Assess the role of improvement in operations	2.3.1	Continuous improvement
	strategy	2.3.2	Drivers for effectiveness and efficiency
		2.3.3	Improving operations through trade-offs between performance objectives
		2.3.4	Trade-offs and the efficient frontier
		2.3.5	Improving operational effectiveness by overcoming trade-offs

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Supply Network Design [L6M9] **Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content**

3.0	Assess the strategic value of resource planning and	control	
3.1	Evaluate the concept of strategic resource	3.1.1	What is resource planning and control
	planning and control	3.1.2	Influences on resource planning such as:
			- Translating customer need into operational delivery
			- Customer expectation and management
			- Forecasting, capacity, resources, priorities, scheduling, monitoring, control
			- Information and data gathering and management
3.2	Assess the key elements of a resource strategic	3.2.1	- Customer expectation and management - Forecasting, capacity, resources, priorities, scheduling, monitoring, control - Information and data gathering and management 3.2.1 Core mechanics of the process such as: - Loading - Prioritisation and sequencing - Scheduling - Monitoring and control 3.2.2 Decision mechanism: - Planning and control staff - Planning and control information system 3.2.3 Customer interface 3.2.4 Supply interface
	planning and control system		
			- Prioritisation and sequencing
			- Scheduling
			- Monitoring and control
		3.2.2	Decision mechanism:
			- Planning and control staff
			- Planning and control information system
		3.2.3	Customer interface
		3.2.4	Supply interface
		3.2.5	Other business functions
3.3	Contrast methods of monitoring and controlling	3.3.1	Degree of difficulty in controlling operations
	the strategic operation	3.3.2	Consider methods of control such as:
			- Push and pull
			- Theory of constraints (TOC) and drum (bottleneck), buffer stock and rope
			- MRP and MRP II
			- Web-integrated and supply network ERP

Global Logistics Strategy [L6M10]



Module purpose

On completion of this module, learners will be able to assess the strategic logistical implications of globalisation and evaluate global governance of the supply chain and the concept of reverse logistics.

Module aim/s

Globalisation generates significant opportunities as well as increased risks for organisations. This means that global logistics strategy, the flow of resources and information between a business or source and the consumer, is regarded as a key element of organisational success. Those responsible for leading and developing global logistics strategy are seen as significant contributors to competitive advantage and overall business success. This module is designed for procurement and supply leaders who are responsible for global logistics strategy and who require knowledge and understanding of the associated challenges, governance and requirements for successful strategic implementation.



Elective module



Hours exam duration



Objective response exam



Hours module learning time

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Global Logistics Strategy [L6M10]

Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

1.0	Understand	the strategic	logistical i	implications	of globalisation
1.0	Officerstand	tile strategie	10gisticui i	IIIIpiicacions	or grobuilsation

1.1 Evaluate the logistics challenges that globalisation presents

- 1.1.1 Consequences for inventory handling and transport such as:
 - Centralised vs. regionalised inventory holdings
 - International logistics practices storage and handling practices
 - Extended transportation pipelines and time to market obsolesce and inventory holding costs
- 1.1.2 Global consolidation:
 - Economies of scale and batching
 - Price and currency fluctuation
 - Multiple freight modes and cost
- 1.1.3 Location analysis:
 - Trade-offs between responsiveness to local markets and economies of scale
- 1.2 Assess the structure of a global strategic logistics and supply chain network
- 1.2.1 Layering and tiering:
 - Information flow and coordination
 - 3 and 4PL
 - Influence of Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEM)
 - Time horizons preparation, finalisation, shipment and delivery
- 1.2.2 Individual plants:
 - Changing role of distribution centres
 - Flexibility to respond to local markets
 - Response to governmental incentives adjusting taxes, incentives and infrastructure to favour selection
- 1.2.3 Reconfiguration processes:
 - Changing the global pipeline
 - Local vs. global postponed manufacturing
- Assess the strategic logistical risks of globalisation and the associated responses
- 1.3.1 Supply chain volatility:
 - Geopolitical threats
 - Transportation and/or pipeline breakdowns
 - Security threats
- 1.3.2 Responses such as:
 - Inventory policies and levels
 - Transport network redesign
 - Sole vs. global trading arrangements
 - Contingency planning and risk protocols

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Global Logistics Strategy [L6M10] Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

2.0	Understand global governance of the supply chain		
2.1	Contrast the strategic influences on globalised supply chain governance	2.1.1	Geographical spread and supply chain/network complexity
		2.1.2	Coordination between units and elements of the supply chain/network
		2.1.3	Embedded teams vs. virtual centralisation
		2.1.4	Decentralised centralisation' - central reporting and working but not centrally co-located
		2.1.5	Incorporating new regions into global governance
		2.1.6	The flow of goods vs. the flow of ownership
2.2	Assess the impact of international legislation on the globalised supply chain	2.2.1	The role of international courts in deciding precedence
		2.2.2	Which legal system is generally accepted by all parties – multiple countries passed through during the course of the trade
		2.2.3	Which court has jurisdiction over form of contract, disputes, underperformance, etc. – exporter, importer or third country
		2.2.4	Legal considerations in global markets, shipment, insurance, handling, clearance, payment and other related matters



Global Logistics Strategy [L6M10] Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content

3.1	Assess the concept and requirements of reverse logistics	3.1.1	What is reverse logistics:
	logistics		- Waste reduction
			- Point of consumption back to point of origin
		3.1.2	Why is the concept becoming more influential:
			- Product returns
			- Repairs and maintenance
			- Reuse
			- End-of-life returns and recycling or dismantling
3.2	Assess the strategic factors which influence		Government policy and legislation
	reverse logistics	3.2.2	Economic considerations:
			- Increasing landfill costs
			 Increasing cost of disposal vs. profit from recoverable manufacturing
		3.2.3	Environmental considerations:
			- Triple bottom line and sustainability
			- Corporate Social Responsibility
			- Green logistics
		3.2.4	Buying sets of services
			nclude maintenance contract covering repairs and – return of broken products and take back at life-end
3.3	Contrast factors that influence strategic	3.3.1	External factors such as:
	reverse logistics		- Legislation
			- Customer demand
			- Incentives
		3.3.2	Internal factors such as:
			- Environmental concerns
			- Strategic cost/benefits
			- Volume and quality returns
			- Resource
			- Integration and coordination
3.4	Compare factors which affect the implementation	3.4.1	No infrastructure and insufficient resources
	of reverse logistics strategy	3.4.2	Difficult to forecast flow and composition
		3.4.3	Not a priority
		3.4.4	Driven by legislation and not identified business value
		3.4.5	Regarded as an additional cost
		3.4.6	Unpopular as regarded as a sign of failure

Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Principles [L6M11]



Module purpose

On completion of this module, learners will be able to evaluate the concept of environmental, social and governance principles (ESG), its importance globally, its application within procurement and supply, and the role that organisational culture plays in maintaining effective ESG principles throughout the supply chain.

Module aim/s

Procurement and supply leaders have a significant role in influencing and implementing strategic approaches to environmental, social and governance (ESG) principles. This module is designed for procurement and supply leaders who require a clear knowledge of the tools and techniques available to them to ensure strong ESG principles are embedded throughout the organisation, and procurement and supply chain.



Elective module



Hours exam duration



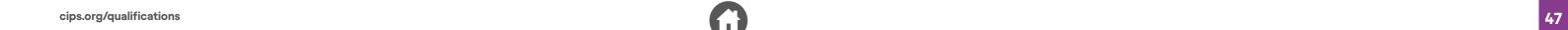
Objective response exam



Hours module learning time

Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Principles [L6M11]

1.0	Understand the role and importance of developing (ESG) culture in organisations and the impact it has		
1.1	Evaluate organisational ESG principles and their role within procurement and supply	1.1.1	The role of environmental, social, and governance (ESG) within an organisational context and its impact on procurement and the supply chain
		1.1.2	Importance of environmental, social and governance (ESG) and stakeholder engagement in developing organisational strategies
1.2	Assess the concept of organisational environmental, social and governance (ESG) culture and how it applies in a procurement	1.2.1	Strategies and frameworks for fostering an organisational culture that prioritises environmental, social and governance (ESG) values
	and supply context	1.2.2	Governance structures to support environmental, social and governance (ESG) objectives
		1.2.3	Environmental, social and governance (ESG) committees and their purpose
		1.2.4	Employee training and engagement in environmental, social and governance (ESG) practices to develop appropriate skills and behaviours to support an ESG culture
1.3	Analyse methods that procurement and supply leaders can apply to promote equality, diversity and inclusion (ED&I)	1.3.1	Role of procurement and supply leaders towards influencing equality, diversity and inclusion (ED&I) strategies
		1.3.2	The role of equality, diversity and inclusion (ED&I) for procurement teams and organisational leaders to support improved decision-making and environmental, social and governance (ESG) objectives
		1.3.3	Methods to actively promote equality, diversity and inclusion (ED&I) strategies within the procurement and supply function and across the supply chain
		1.3.4	Use of equality, diversity and inclusion (ED&I) metrics and their impact on organisational environmental, social and governance (ESG) performance



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Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Principles [L6M11] **Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content**

2.0	Understand and apply tools and techniques to add and governance (ESG) in supply chains	ress the	challenges raised by environmental, social
2.1	Evaluate approaches to stakeholder engagement and environmental, social and governance (ESG) reputation management	2.1.1	Organisational stakeholders in the context of environmental, social and governance (ESG) and how to engage them
		2.1.2	Purpose of a double materiality assessment
		2.1.3	The influence of different stakeholder groups on shaping organisational environmental, social and governance (ESG) initiatives
2.2	Assess environmental, social and governance (ESG) metrics and methods for reporting	2.2.1	UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and environmental, social and governance (ESG) reporting frameworks, including Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) and Sustainability Accounting Standard Board (SASB)
		2.2.2	Key performance indicators (KPIs) and metrics for monitoring and improving environmental, social and governance (ESG) performance in procurement and supply
		2.2.3	Importance of transparency and accountability in environmental, social and governance (ESG) reporting
2.3	Evaluate environmental, social and governance (ESG) focused sourcing strategies	2.3.1	Best practice environmental, social and governance (ESG) sourcing strategies for supplier selection
		2.3.2	Best practice environmental, social and governance (ESG) strategies for post-contract supplier management
2.4	Assess environmental, social and governance (ESG) influences on governance improvements for procurement and supply	2.4.1	Role of international organisations, including:
			- Conference Of Parties (COP)
			- United Nations (UN)
			- World Bank
			- International Labour Organization (ILO)
			- Professional bodies
			- Other organisations
		2.4.2	Factors that influence organisation and sector (public, private and third) environmental, social and governance (ESG) policies
2.5	Assess environmental, social and governance (ESG) risks and mitigation strategies	2.5.1	How environmental, social and governance (ESG) risks might arise in procurement processes and supply chains
		2.5.2	Strategies for assessing and mitigating environmental, social and governance (ESG) -related risks in procurement processes and supply chains

Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Principles [L6M11] **Learning outcomes, assessment criteria and indicative content**

3.0	Understand and apply environmental, social and g procurement and supply chain strategy in organisa		e (ESG) principles to the
3.1	Assess the integration of environmental, social and governance (ESG) principles and objectives in procurement and supply	3.1.1	Aligning procurement strategies with broader organisational environmental, social and governance (ESG) goals
		3.1.2	The role of procurement and supply in meeting organisational environmental, social and governance (ESG) objectives
3.2	Analyse methods for achieving effective environmental, social and governance (ESG) collaboration and partnerships	3.2.1	Building partnerships with suppliers, not-for-profit non-governmental organisations (NGOs) and academic institutions to advance environmental, social and governance (ESG) goals
		3.2.2	Supporting suppliers and the supply chain network to achieve environmental, social and governance (ESG) objectives
		3.2.3	Collaborating with industry groups to share best practices
3.3	Evaluate the role of systems and innovations to support environmental, social and governance (ESG) in procurement and supply	3.3.1	Innovative procurement solutions to support improved organisational environmental, social and governance (ESG) outcomes, including circul economy, renewable resources & digitalisation
		3.3.2	The use of technology to improve supply chain visibility (SCV) to support environmental, social and governance (ESG)
		3.3.3	Role of the procurement function in developing operational initiatives to improve environmental, social and governance (ESG) performance
		3.3.4	Continuous improvement strategies for enhancing environmental, social and governance (ESG) in procurement and supply
3.4	Assess options for leading sustainable environmental improvement for procurement	3.4.1	Measurement of Carbon and Scope 3 emissions in the supply chain
	and supply	3.4.2	The role of procurement in developing sustainable environmental specifications
		3.4.3	Identification and relevance of environmental assessment tools
3.5	Assess approaches to achieving social value in procurement and supply	3.5.1	The role of procurement in social value policy development and implementation
		3.5.2	Benefits and challenges of a social value approach
		3.5.3	Target setting and measurement of social value impact



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